(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	HEALTH SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	SPEECH AND LANGUAGE THERAPY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate Programm (level 6)				
COURSE CODE	slt-62	t-62 SEMESTER 6			
	Aphasias and neurological communication disorders:			lisorders:	
COOKSE THEE	principles and neuro	pilitation			
INDEPENDE	ENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES				
if credits are awarded for se	eparate components of the WEEKLY				
course, e.g. lectures, laboratory e	exercises, etc. If the credits TEACHING CREDITS		CREDITS		
are awarded for the whole of t	he course, give the we	eekly	HOURS		
teaching	hours and the total credits				
	Lectures 2 5		5		
	Applied practice		1		
COURSE TYPE	Special background				
general background,					
special background, specialised					
general knowledge, skills					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	No				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://moodle.ioa.teiep.gr				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course is the basic course for the study of the aphasias, the acquired neurogenic language disorders affecting people during their lives when different brain regions are damaged by various pathological processes. It also studies the neurological communication disorders, caused when other than language higher brain functions are affected. During the course terms as brain's multifunctionallity, cognitive reserve, and functional brain reorganization are described. Additionally, the basic principles of neurorehabilitation and cognitive rehabilitation are discussed.

Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to:

Gain basic knowledge of the functional brain's neuroanatomy of language, modelling of language functions in the brain and symptomatology of basic aphasic syndromes (levels 1&2:knowledge/rememebering&understanding).

- Understands and describes the basic principles of differential and topical diagnosis in aphasias and use the basic evaluation tools of clinical aphasiology (levels 2-6: understandig, applying, analyzing, creating & evaluating).
- Be able to follow the course of the diseases causing aphasias and designing and conducting the appropriate therapeutic interventions (levels 3-6: applying, analyzing, creating & evaluating).
- Be aware of right hemispheric communication disorders and basic linguistic-cognitive communication disorders (levels 2-6: understanding, applying, analyzing, creating & evaluating).
- Understands terms as multifunctionallity, cognitive reserve, and functional brain reorganization (levels 2-6: understanding, applying, analyzing, creating & evaluating).
- Be aware and work/collaborate with other students and experts in basic neurorehabilitation and cognitive rehabilitation procedures (levels 3-6: applying, analyzing, creating & evaluating).

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Project planning and management Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the Respect for difference and multiculturalism necessary technology Respect for the natural environment Adapting to new situations Showing social, professional and ethical Decision-making responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Working independently Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive Team work Working in an international environment thinking..... Working in an interdisciplinary Others..... environment

Production of new research ideas

- Search for analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work
- Working in a interdisciplinary environment
- Production of new research ideas

(3) SYLLABUS

- I. Introduction in acquired language and communication disorders.
- II. Functional neuroanatomy of the aphasias, the dual-stream model, previous models, limitation and future perspectives.
- III. Causes of aphasia.
- IV. Clinical investigation and diagnosis.
- V. Evaluation of aphasia.
- VI. Discourse and functional communication.
- VII. Recovery and prognosis in aphasias.
- VIII. Principles of recovery, interventions, therapeutic goals, functional therapies.
- IX. Right hemispheric syndrome, dysprosodias, and non-verbal communication.
- X. Linguistic-cognitive communication disorders.

- XI. Communication disorders in major neurocognitive disorders.
- XII. Principles of neurorehabilitation and cognitive rehabilitation in communication disorders.
- XIII. Contemporary neurorehabilitation procedures in aphasias and communication disorders.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning,	"Face-to-face" in class			
etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of audio-visual methods (i.e., PowerPoint			
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	presentations)			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory	Support of learning process through the e-class			
education, communication with	platform			
students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of	Lectures	26		
teaching are described in detail.	Applied practice	13		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Teamwork research project20			
practice, fieldwork, study and	Essay writing 23			
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Personal study/evaluation 43			
placements, clinical practice, art	Course total 125			
workshop, interactive teaching,				
educational visits, project, essay	/			
writing, artistic creativity, etc.				
The student's study hours for each				
learning activity are given as well				
as the hours of non-directed study				
according to the principles of the				
ECTS				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	I. Written final exam (100%) consisting of :			
EVALUATION	- multiple choice questions			
Description of the evaluation	- short answer questions			
procedure	- critical view of theory			
Language of quality matheda	- Clinical case			
cf ovaluation summative or	II. Optional teamwork clinical research essay			
of evaluation, summative of	The final evens will be offered in Creek			
conclusive, multiple choice	i ne final exams will be offered in Greek			
questionnulles, short-unswer				
problem colving written work				
assau/report oral examination				
nublic presentation laboratory				
work clinical examination of				
natient art interpretation other				
Specifically-defined evaluation				
criteria are given and if and where				
they are accessible to students				

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

1. Νάσιος, Γ. (2011).*Αφασιολογία, κλινική πρακτική και διαταραχές*.G. Albyn Davis, Επιμέλεια Ελληνικής Εκδόσεως. Ιατρικές Εκδόσεις Πασχαλίδης.

2. G. Albyn Davis (2007). Aphasiology. Disorders and clinical practice. 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, Inc.

3. Leonard L. Lapointe (2005). Aphasia and related neurogenic language disorders. 3rd edition, Thieme.

4. Dalia Cahana-Amitay, Martin Albert (2015). Redefining Recovery from Aphasia. Oxford University Press.

5. Brooke Hallowell (2017). Aphasia and other acquired neurogenic language disorders – a guide for clinical excellence. Plural Publishing inc.

- Related academic journals:

- Aphasiology (https://www.tandfonline.com/loi/paph20)

- Brain and Language (https://www.journals.elsevier.com/brain-and-language)

- International journal of language & communication disorders

(https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/toc/14606984/current)